HERLIHY DECISION EXPECTED TO MAKE THEM ENFORCE EXCISE

among police captains and the liquor dealers on account of supposed preparations by District Attorney Jerome to make good his threat to indict captains who allow the excise law to be persistently violated in their precincts on Sunday. It was known that Mr. Jerome had given to Police Commissioner Partridge a list of places at which violations of the law had been observed by agents of societies interested in hav-

ing the Sunday laws enforced. That the decision of the Court of Appeals in the case of Captain Herlihy that a captain could be indicted for failure to enforce the law at many places in his precinct, had placed an additional weapon in the District Attorney's hands was well recognized. All that was necessary, it was said, was to get a list of places in which the law is disobeyed, with evidence of violations, and evidence that the captain of the precinct had received complaints about the places, and the captain could be indicted, convicted and dismissed from the force in disgrace for neglect

A sudden activity on the part of captains to have the saloons closed on Sunday was evident. Some of them, it was said, had urged the Liquor Dealers' Association to issue orders to close all the saloons in the city to-day. Such orders had gone out, it was declared, and there was reason to expect a "dry Sunday" to-day. Some of the liquor dealers, however, said they had not received orders to close. Keepers of Raines law hotels said they would keep their places open on Sunday, as usual, but would insist on the purchase of a sandwich with every drink, so as to conform to the law. It is to be expected, too, that many side doors of saloons will be open to known customers, although the saloonkeepers may take the precaution of having sentinels at the doors to keep out persons

Commissioner Partridge said that there was no truth in a report that he had been threatened with indictment by Mr. Jerome if the police failed to keep the saloons closed on Sunday, and that special orders had been sent out from Police Headquarters for the closing of the saloons to-day. He said:

I don't know of any excise law that applies to any one Sunday. I am not sending out or-ders applicable to special Sundays. I am not sending out excise orders referring to the fourth Sunday in Lent or the first Sunday preceding Easter. I don't know of any laws that I can apply to special days. I have issued no such orders as this story would indicate. I have issued no excise orders as a fact for to-morrow.

The Commissioner was asked about the conference which he had on Friday with Corporation Counsel Rives in regard to the treatment of excise cases, after convictions had been obtained. The Commissioner replied that he had simply tried to find out from the Corporation Counsel what the law made the duty of the police in regard to proceedings for the annulment of licenses, and it was his understanding that upon the State Excise Commissioner devolved the duty of having licenses revoked.

Indications of increased police activity in excise cases were given yesterday morning by the arraignment of four prisoners at the West Side Court. Michael Carson, a liquor dealer, was arrested at No. 623 Ninth-ave, for selling liquor to a detective who got into the place after 1 a. m. He was held in \$1,000 bail for examination. The other three prisoners were John E. McBride, who said he kept a "hotel" at No. 640 Eighth-ave.; George F. Dunn, his bartender, and William H. Davis, his cook. Detective Cassidy declared that the "hotel" was disorderly, and the three men were held in \$1,000 bail each for examination. It was said that Carson's and McBride's places were on a list of places sent to Commissioner Partridge by District Attorney Jerome.

Commissioner Partridge said yesterday that he intended to keep Captain Sheehan in command of the Tenderloin for the present, although the captain had asked to be transferred to another precinct.

"I didn't think it was just to make the transfer," said the Commissioner, "and so the captain will remain in charge of the precinct, for the present at least. He wanted to get nearer marthing dof his home. I don't kno years in the department, and his request to be transferred would indicate that he does not care to remain in active duty."

"Your request to him to stay in the precinct would indicate that you are pleased with his work there?"

"I have been pleased with his work in a way, but my reason for asking him to stay is that I don't want to make any change there just at

present." NEW SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.

The Standard Safe Deposit Company, of New-York, will to-morrow open its new vaults in the basement of the Broad Exchange Building, No. 25 Broad-st. At the right of the Broad-st, entrance is the women's department, consisting of coupon rooms of varying sizes. On the Exchange Place side are coupon rooms accommodating from one to ten persons. In all there are forty coupon rooms.

The main vault is 53 feet wide, 37 feet deep and almost 9 feet in height inside. Its capacity is 16,000 safe deposit boxes of different sizes. The door to this vault alone weighs 42,000 pounds, or twenty-on tons. The vestibule to which it is hung weight tons. The vestibule to which it is hung weighs twenty-nine tons. The door is liquid proof against nitroglycerine and dynamite. It is also drill proof. The door is controlled by improved combination locks and by four movement time locks. The door is connected with a system which, when the door is connected with a system which, when the door is closed, cannot be released, except from the central office.

Invitations have been issued to bankers, banks, trust companies and the public generally to inspect the new vaults from noon until 3 p. m. to-morrow.

"POCKET INVESTMENT GUIDE."

The third annual number of the "Pocket Invest ment Guide" has just been issued by the well known bankers and brokers, William Cossitt Cone & Co. This guide has become a popular reference book for speculators as well as investors. The firm has endeavored to make this edition more complete than any of the previous ones.

FRANKLIN COUNTY SOCIETY DINNER. The third annual dinner of the Franklin County Society, of which Ashbel P. Fitch is president, will be held at Delmonico's on Saturday evening, March 15. Among those expected to be present are Frederick D. Kilburn, Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, Justice Truax, Chester S. Lord, Justice McLaughlin, C. P. Vedder, Thomas L. James, Senator George R. Mal-by, John R. Van Wormer and Frank S. Witherbee, Tickets may be obtained from William C. Breed, No. 58 Pine-st.

BODY AND BRAINS.

Wizened little bodies and big brains or big strong bodies and no brains-neither one of these makes a good combination.

To produce big healthy bodies and big healthy brains take Scott's Emulsion.

Childhood is the best time to commence.

Scott's Emulsion contains food for bone and nerve and flesh and blood. Scott's Emulsion promotes growth and proper development.

Just the thing for weak children. Send for Free Sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

MERWIN TAKES CHARGE.

KEEPING OUTDOOR POOR DEPARTMENT OFFICE OPEN ON SATURDAY AFTER-

NOON HIS FIRST REFORM. Edwin F. Merwin, who was appointed on Friday Charities Commissioner Folks to succeed George Blair as Superintendent of Outdoor Poor, took charge of affairs at the office yesterday. Deputy Superintendent William F. Walsh was on hand sented himself with a letter from a politician, seeking a pass to one of the city institutions, was "Letters have no influence with me."

Another man asked that a friend be sent to Seton Hospital for treatment. After looking into the case, Superintendent Merwin passed favorably

"I asked you this favor"- the petitioner started to say, when Mr. Merwin stopped him with: "It is not favor. It is simply the right of every citizen." One of the first changes was the ruling that the epartment would be kept open until 5 o'clock on

department would be kept open until 5 o'clock on Saturday afternoons.

Daniel J. Dowdley, one of the examiners, sent in his resignation yesterday. He is a nephew of John D. Crimmins. It is rumored that several other employes will resign.

Ex-Superintendent Blair called at the department and said he had been to the Corporation Counsel's office to see about the opinion handed down by that official under which he had been removed.

"Although I am an interested party, they would not show me the opinion," said Mr. Blair.

TUNNEL BRICKLAYERS WIN.

CONTRACTORS ACCEDE TO DEMAND THAT BRICK BE USED INSTEAD OF CONCRETE,

Bricklayers and Masons' International Union of America and the rapid transit contractors of this city on behalf of the local unions of bricklayers, by which a dispute over the concrete work in the tun-nel has been settled, which has been going on for nine months. The agreement went into effect on February 17, but was not made public until yes-

Under this agreement a new power house, which was to have been constructed altogether of con-crete, will be built of brick, and at all the stations where stucco tile was to have been used the material will be enamelled brick. At a number of other points, where stucco work had been arranged for, brick will also be used.

The agreement further provides that all future

contracts for four hole ducts in the tunnel will be conceded to the control of the members of the local unions of bricklayers affiliated with the in-According to the bricklayers, this should be paid

agreement is to govern the present work in the rapid transit tunnel system, and all future work that may be contracted for by the bricklayers and masons at work in the tunnel. The following ar-bitration clause is embodied in the agreement:

No strike or lockout or suspension of work shall take place on either side on account of any grievance upon the rapid transit construction by the parties to this agreement. All disputes on either side must be settled by conference. In the event of failure to agree, they must be settled by arbitration.

made on either side twenty-four hours after it is found that an agreement cannot be reached by conference, and his decision is to be final.

DECLARES BANKER INSANE.

SHERIFF'S JURY SAYS HE IS UNFIT TO MAN-AGE HIMSELF OR HIS AFFAIRS.

Frederick T. Taylor, a retired banker, who lives at No. 101 West Seventy-eighth-st., after an inquiry pefore Commissioners W. W. Niles, Dr. E. Guern yesterday was found incompetent on the ground of lunacy to manage either himself or his affairs. Mr. Taylor's estate amounts to about \$130,000, of which grandmother, who left property valued at \$483,000. The petition was made by Mrs. Delia B. Taylor, Mr. Taylor's wife. When Mr. Taylor was examined ie said that he had been in the sanatorium of Di Given, at Stamford, Conn., from November, 1900, to February, 1961. Dr. W. B. Pritchard testified that he had examined Mr. Taylor several times, and found him suffering from paramola, which was incurable. Dr. Thomas A. Hodgens, of Dr. Given's sanatorium, gave similar testimony.

The Continental Trust Company will be appointed trustee of Mr. Taylor's property. He will not be confined in an asylum, but will be taken care of at home by an attendant.

HAD SCHEME TO ROB LIGHT COMPANY.

EDISON CONCERN THINKS IT IS ON THE ROAD TO BREAK UP A GANG.

In securing the conviction in the Special Ses-Court yesterday of William Seigel, of No. his wanting to retire. He has been thirty-four si4 West Broadway, and George Newman, of the vears in the department, and his request to be Light Company feels that it is on the road to breaking up a gang which has swindled the company out of thousands of dollars. Seigel and New man were arrested on February 24 by Special Officer Kenny, of the light company. While their nviction was secured on the charge of petit lareny, for stealing a number of electric lamps, the real reason for the company's proceeding against the men was divulged in the evidence at the trial

> According to the testimony, the two prisoners on February 20 entered a butcher shop at Seventh-February 20 entered a butcher shop at Seventh-ave, and Twenty-fourth-st., and, representing them-selves to be agents of the Edison Electric Light Company, went to the cellar to inspect the meter. On coming upstairs again they told the man in charge of the shop that they had a scheme by which they could fix the meter so that he would save half the cost on his light bill. The scheme was to take off the hands on the indicators and turn them back, so that they would have to reg-ister twice before they indicated the amount of current used. current used.
>
> Seigel was sentenced to three months and Newman to a year in the penitentiary.

NEW M'AULIFFE EVIDENCE REPORTED

IT IS SAID TO WARRANT CHARGES OF PERJURY AGAINST POLICEMEN.

It was asserted vesterday that new and important evidence in the McAuliffe case had been obtained by the District Attorney tending to prove that a "dummy" was substituted for McAuliffe in the police court on the morning of Sunday, February 6, just before McAuliffe was found senseless and dying in Sixth-ave. Several police witnesses have sworn that McAuliffe himself was arraigned in the police court and discharged on that morning. He had been locked up in the police station in West Forty-seventh-st. on the previous night, after being found insensible and apparently drunk in Eighthave, and after being examined by a surgeon in the

Roosevelt Hospital. The new evidence, it was said, did not tend to prove that McAuliffe was hurt at the police station, but it was said to be a sufficient basis for a charge of perjury against some of the policemen who swore that McAuliffe was taken to the police court swore that McAuliffe was taken to the police court and discharged after being a prisoner in the station all night. Suspicion that McAuliffe was a victim of police brutality was based on the fact that he had been a witness in the Glennon case and might have been called as a witness in the cases of other policemen under indictment. At the coroner's inquest McAuliffe's widow declared that he had been for fear of injury on account of his testimony, and she said she believed he had been murdered. The jury brought in a verdict that McAuliffe had been killed by persons unknown. The police officials and the District Attorney have been conducting an investigation since then, determined to get to the bottom of the mystery.

MARCONI OFF FOR CANADA.

William Marconi and his party left New-York yesterday morning at 9 o'clock for Canada. Mr. Marconi said before starting that he should spend most of the time at Ottawa, in order to arrange the terms of his agreement with the Canadian Government. But he will also go to Cape Breton Island to see that the work on the permanent sta-tion there is started to suit him. He will probably remain in Canada from two to three weeks, and will then return to New-York, to take the steamer for England. Two months from now he expects to be again on his way to this country, with a sta-tion at Cornwall so greatly increased in power-that he will be in communication with England up to the moment when his steamer reaches her pier in New-York Harbor,

TO KEEP AMERICAN GROCERIES.

An evidence of the growing appreciation in England of the products of the United States is the announcement by Rt' Jackson & Co., of No. 172, Piccadilly, London, that the firm will henceforth keep a full line of American groceries, specially imported and always fresh, including buckwheat flour and sweet potatoes and all the best brands of canned goods.

JUSTICE MAYER WON'T ACCEPT "THIRD DEGREE" IDENTIFICATION OF FLORENCE BURNS.

A declaration by Justice Mayer that he re garded the identification of Florence Burns at the police station in Church-st, as "an absolutely worthless and ridiculous proceeding" caused a sensation yesterday in the Court of Special Sessions. The examination of Miss Burns on the charge of shooting Walter S. Brooks on the night of February 14 in the Glen Island Hotel in Cortlandt-st., was being continued before Justice Mayer. Edward J. Rear don, one of the county detectives, had testified about questioning Miss Burns when she was a prisoner in the police station, and about the Identification of her by George Washington, the colored beliboy of the Glen Island Hotel. The statement of Justice Mayer was regarded by many in the courtroom as an indication that he looked with disfavor on some of the testimon; against Miss Burns presented by the District Attorney.

Reardon was the star witness for the prosecu tion at yesterday's continuation of the examina tion. He said that he went to the police station the day after the Brooks murder and talked with Miss Burns in the captain's room after she was arrested. Captain Halpin, he said, told the girl that she was a prisoner, charged with a felony, and she had a right to refuse to answer questions.

"I asked her," Reardon testified, replying to questions by Assistant District Attorney Schurman, "why she had hurt Walter Brooks, and she said she never hurt him. She loved him better than her father and mother, she said. I asked her if she wore combs and she lifted her hat and gave me two side combs. She told me, when I asked her for her back comb, that she did not wear or own one. I forget exactly what she said about that."

Q.—What about the money? A.—I told her no money had been found on Brooks, and she said. "Then that 'coon' took it." I asked her what money Brooks had, and she said \$32-a twenty-dollar gold note, two fives and two ones.

The hotel clerk has testified that he saw that amount in just such bills taken from Brooks's pocket when the clothes were searched at the

A.—I told the defendant that Waiter Brooks had been shot in a hotel, where he had gone with a woman. She asked if the pistol had been found, and if the woman had been seen to leave the hotel. I saw the defendant again, after she had been taken to the cell downstairs, and asked her what time she reached her home the night before. She declined to answer, and said her counsel had told her that she had talked too much already.

Q.—What did you do when she said about the money. "Then that 'coon' took it'? A.—I had Washington brought out to the captain's room, where Miss Burns was, and had him searched.

Foster L. Backus, counsel for Miss Burns, ross-examined Reardon two or three hours making him tell about the questioning to which

the girl was subjected in the police station, the refusal to let her father speak to her there and the manner in which Washington, the negro bellboy, was led to identify her.

Q.—You took Washington to the captain's room to make the identification, although you knew she had no counsel, and that her father had gone in search of counsel for her? A.—Yes.

Q.—Tell us what happened when Washington was taken into that room? A.—I proceeded him into the room. The defendant was seated by Captain Halpin's desk. Just as the door was opened Washington said: That's the lady, sir.'

Q.—There was no other woman in the room? A.—There was no.

Reardon said that after making the identification Washington walked around the room. Miss Burns was facing the window.

"As you saw the defendant in that position," asked Justice Mayer, "did her hair seem light or dark to you?" "It showed light."

"Could you see the color of her eyes?" "They were blue."

Reardon declared that he did not know at that time that Washington had described the girl with Brooks at the Glen Island Hotel as having dark hair and a complexion hardly like a white woman's. He said there was a consultation after Washington had identified Miss Burns, and then policemen were sent after other women to stand up with Miss Burns for a second identification. One of the women was fair and tall, he said, and the other was dark and short, and sold papers in Cortlandt-st.

"You can continue on that line if you like, Mr. Backus," interrupted Justice Mayer, "but I desire to notify you and the District Atte that I regard the so-called identification of the defendant as absolutely worthless. It was a worthless and ridiculous proceeding. That system of identification is useless and a remnant of the obsolete practice that ought to be stopped in the interest of justice."

Later, when the excitement occasion by his declaration had subsided, Justice Mayer asked Reardon some questions.

Q.—What was the purpose of getting those other women to stand up with the defendant? A.—We wanted the night clerk, Earl, to see them. Q.—Then why did you take Washington in? A.—We wanted to make sure if he could be mistaken.

Justice Mayer drew from the detective an addission that he could have mistaken either of the other women for Miss Burns. Then he repeated his declaration that the identification was worthless, and said he would disregard it as evidence against the defendant.

Earlier in the examination yesterday, Earl, the hotel clerk, testified about finding money in Brooks's clothes, and about a woman's comb found in the room where Brooks was shot,

Harry Cohen, Brooks's former business partner, testified about visits made to the office of the firm on the afternoon of February 14. He said he had been with Brooks in Newark earlier that day, and had left Brooks talking to a girl at the railroad station. Brooks returned to the firm's office late in the afternoon and found Miss Burns there. Cohen said he left then together in the office at 6 p. m. In the crossexamination Mr. Backus tried to make Cohen admit having said that he and Brooks took two Newark girls to a hotel on the day in question. Cohen insisted that he could not remember having said anything of the kind. He said he had again seen the girl Brooks talked to in New-She was at the District Attorney's office

After the cross-examination of Reardon was completed yesterday afternoon, Dr. Weston, coroner's physician, testified as to the cutopsy on the body of Brooks. He produced the bullet found in Brooks's head and described the wound made by it. It was such a wound as might have been inflicted in a case of suicide. There was a report that a man by the name of Fitzsimmons would be in the courtroom to look at Miss Burns and try to identify her. Fitzsimmons, it was said, had seen the woman with Brooks at the Glen Island Hotel. Assistant District Attorney Schurman said in the afternoon that he knew nothing about the man. nothing about the man.

nothing about the man.

It became apparent late in the afternoon that the examination of Miss Burns could not be completed yesterday. At the request of Mr. Backus, who said he had a case in another court, Justice Mayer adjourned the examination until next Saturday morning.

HEARING ON ELECTION CONTESTS.

The legislative Committee on Contested Seats met yesterday in the Hotel Cadillac, Forty-third-st. and Broadway, and resumed its hearing of the cases of the Xth District of New-York County, where Jacob C. Brand, Fusionist, and John F. Mc-Cullough, Tammany, are the contestants, and in the XIIIth District of Kings County, where Thomas F. Mathews, Democratic, and James M. Manee, Fusionist, are the contestants.

The committee spent the entire afternoon in examining the ballots cast in the two districts under contest. They first took up the Brooklyn contest, and examined hearly one hundred void or contested ballots. The contest in the Manhattan district was then taken up. After all had been examined, the committee went into executive session.

It will continue its examination and listen to evidence next week until Friday, after which it will
submit a report to the Assembly.

A SUCCESSFUL PLAY

WORTHLESS AS EVIDENCE. WOMEN SAVE HORSES AT FIRE.

THREE TAKE THIRTY ANIMALS OUT OF A BURNING STABLE.

Three women of Armour Villa Park, on the outskirts of Bronxville, proved themselves brave fire fighters yesterday, when they dashed into the burning stable on the country place of Mrs. S. M. Odell, and in addition to rescuing thirty valuable cobs, roadsters and coach horses, also helped to drag out carriages. If it had not been for the women the horses would have been burned to death, as the firemen did not arrive until the stable was a mass of flames, which were beyond control.

thows, led the rescuing party as soon as the fire Among her assistants were was discovered. Mrs. Hewiston, Mrs. Harry Andrews and the servants. The rescuers groped through the lense smoke to the stalls and, cutting the halers loose, drove out the half maddened animals. ters loose, drove out the half maddened animals. After the horses had been released the women turned their attention to the carriage house, where sixteen vehicles of all description were stored. Several of the carriages were saved, but Mrs. Odell and her assistants were driven back by the flames before all could be got out. Mrs. Odell said last night that the fire must have started from a defective flue. Her loss is about \$10.000.

Mrs. Odell, who has exhibited at the horse

FAVORED BY MR. WOODRUFF.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR BELIEVES IN DI-RECT NOMINATIONS AT THE PRIMARIES.

Lieutenant Governor Woodruff, while in Brooklyn or a short time yesterday afternoon, announced that he was heartily in favor of the bill introduced in the Legislature by Senator Henry Marshall, royiding for direct nominations at the primaries the bill passed. He believes that such a law would ne bill passed. He believes that such a law would be repetition of the Guden scandal. He declared hat the lethargy among Republicans would be liminated and that there would be a renewed iterest in primary elections. The measure was laced in the hands of Senator Marshall by the grooklyn Young Republican Club, and is favored y many of the leading independents in Kingstounty.

TO REMAIN IN MUSEUM.

IT IS SAID THAT J. P. MORGAN WILL PROBABLY PERMANENTLY LEAVE GARLAND COLLECTION AT THE METROPOLITAN.

The Garland collection of Oriental porcelains, which has so long been one of the most valuable exhibits in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and which was sold a short time ago by the heirs of Mr. Garland to the firm of Duveen Brothers, it is said, for \$600,000, has not left its place in the museum, and will be turned over to J. P. Morgan the new purchaser, just as it stands to-day in the remain in the museum as a loan exhibit from the new owner and in all probability its stay in the museum will be for all time.

"I am not at liberty to tell what price Mr. Morgan paid for the collection," John Duveen said yesection to Mr. Garland's heirs. But the collection lection to Mr. Garland's heirs. But the collection entire has gone to Mr. Morgan, and we will not now disturb it, but turn it over to him just as it stands in the cases in the museum. We had intended to remove it from the museum and, having packed it carefully, send the entire collection to England to be sold, probably in small lots. But we are very glad that the whole has been bought by one person and that it can all remain in this country. I feel sure that it was regret at seeing the collection leave the country that induced Mr. Morgan to purchase it, and it is doubtless his intention to leave it in the public museum, where it has been on view for so long, for all time."

THINKS FRENCH SOCIETY MISJUDGED.

PAMILY IN HIS COUNTRY AT THE HORACE MANN SCHOOL

forace Mann School yesterday morning Hugues Le Roux, the French critic, delivered a lecture on The French Family of To-day and Yesterday." He spoke of the foreign misconceptions of French scial life, and said in part;

I am very glad to be able to speak on the subject of the French family this morning, as I love it every dearly. It is impossible to judge fairly of the ociety of France to-day. It could be done, however, in the sevent-enth and eighteenth centuries, then there was a common ideal of living and lovers. The example for all society to follow was set by the court. Society at that time was its own blect. With the days of the Revolution all this isanceared, and since they society in France has

the court. Society at that time was its own lect. With the days of the Revolution all this sappeared, and since then society in France has sen in a state of development and evolution, but will be the outcome no one can now foresee, so middle class people of this day are following e ideals of the seventeenth century aristocracy, is they who try to set the pace, and thus the ability of modern social life in France is lost, so real genuine aristocracy of France to-day is mposed of the old bourgoolse. It is difficult for reigners to meet the genuine people of the real clety of the republic to-day. The difficulty is that se people are in financial straits because of the instrial expansion of the times which has destroyed eir former means of support. Foreigners find fliculty in reacaing the higher strata of society. France because the latter's lack of funds brings em to a sensitive realization of their inability to tertain in the style to which their foreign guests we been ascustomed. The great mistake of the outside world to-day in cleron as the style to which their foreign guests we been ascustomed. The great mistake of the outside world to-day in cleron french novelists, especially Paul Bourget of Grue of the movelists, especially Paul Bourget of Grue of Maupassant. These novelists in their sike describe types that are not only not found modern French society by the are found nowhere, may portray special psychological studies which eier readers suppose are representative of France, the reality are typical either of some other countries of the state of the cosmopolitan life in general. I have in the action of the reality are typical either of some other countries of the modern French woman, they gave her French name, and the popular impression was at she was a characteristic type of French social e. The modern French woman, they gave her French name, and the popular impression was at she was a characteristic type of French social e. The modern French society as portrayed in ese novels is in reality descriptive of t

DOUBLE WEDDING FOLLOWS FUNERAL.

YOUNG MEN DO NOT WANT HOME BROKEN UP WHEN AUNT DIES.

It is not often that a funeral is followed by two weddings, but that is what happened in Jersey lity on Friday night, when William Jones as Annie Hasse and Joseph Connolly and Annie Griffin were married by Justice Markley. Jones and Connolly, who are cousins, tired some time age of boarding houses. They had a widowed nunt, Mrs. Margaret Dugan, so the young men urnished an apartment at No. 1881/2 Morgan-st. Jersey City, and installed their aunt as housekeeper ast Wednesday Mrs. Dugan died from pneumonia after a short illness. She was buried on Friday. After the funeral Jones and Connolly were discussing the situation. Neither wished to break up the home they had made. Then Jones suggested that as he was engaged to Miss Hasse and Connolly was engaged to Miss Griffin, an immediate marriage would solve the problem. After some not to the proposition. Justice Markley was sent for, and the double ceremony was performed at once.

EGG PRICES FALL. Fresh eggs are now pouring into market from

every direction, and prices are tumbling rapidly. About one thousand cases sold on the Mercantile About one thousand cases som on the aservanthe Exchange on Saturday "under the call" at 20 cents and 19½ cents a dozen, closing at the lower rate. Nearly nine thousand cases arrived yesterday, and steadily increasing receipts are expected next week. Recently wholesale prices were as high as 37 cents.

NOT SMALLPOX AT PASSAIC CLUB. It has been authoritatively announced that the

lness of Edward L. Colter, a colored attendant at the Passaic Club, at Passaic, N. J., was not due to smallpox. Dr. Armstrong, consulting physician of the Board of Health of Passaic, said that Colter's indisposition was due to a blood disorder. The clubhouse, which was temporarily quarantined, has been reopened. PHI DELTA THETA REUNION.

The annual reunion of the members of the Phi

Delta Theta fraternity living in and around New-York will be held at the Hotel St. Denis, Broadway and Eleventh-st. on Saturday evening. March 15, at 6:39 o'clock. The occasion is the regular ob-servance of Founder's Day. Last year 174 mem-bers were present, and this year it is hoped that the attendance will be much larger. always attracts attention. The bargains of-fered among those "Little Ads, of the Peo-ple" attract Tribune readers.

BEFORE STORING AWAY

PERSIAN LAMB JACKETS AND COATS

At a saving of \$25 to \$50 on former prices. SEAL JACKETS at \$35 to \$50 less than former prices, and COATS from \$50 to \$75 less.

HUDSON BAY SABLE, saving \$25 to \$75 per set (muff and boa), and RUSSIAN SABLE, \$50 to \$200 per set. MINK SETS, saving \$8 to \$35-

And a Corresponding Saving on CHINCHILLA, ALASKA SABLE, LYNX, FOX, MUFFS, BOAS, &c.

NOTE.—A saving of 15% to 25% or an investment in which there is no risk is better than keeping me n a savings bank at a small rate of interest. A GREAT OFFER.

All furs purchased until May 1 will be stored DUTY FREE (except insur-NOTE-I am anxious to keep my skilled workmen employed. Therefore, will take orders at about the

ost of labor and material. NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY FURS

And Have Alterations and Repairs Made,

42D ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 6TH AV. N. B.-Ladies' fur-lined circulars for ocean travel and promenade

SILKS

true is this of Black Silks-of which we now show a most complete and handsome line-comprising every desirable weave in the world.

SPECIAL FOR TO-MORROW'S SELLING.

USSAH SILK-in natural Ponges color, interwoven with fancy Picot Cords in contrasting colors, is another innovation in this season's most stylish of Dress Silks. To be had only at Ehrich's

Ave., 22d to 23d St., New York.

OFFICE ATTACKED BY STRIKERS.

THEY FIRST ASSAULT NEW MAN AT ROGERS

LOCOMOTIVE WORKS. Paterson, N. J., March 8 (Special) - "Mike" Ross, an Italian, was arraigned in the police court to-day on a charge of assault and battery on William Holmes. The charge was preferred by Reuben Wells, superintendent of the Rogers Locomotive Works, as Holmes is lying in the General Hospital. Ross is one of fifty

casting cleaners who are on strike at the locomotive works for an increase of wages. Several men are taking the places of the strikers, who have made several demonstrations against the new men. Yesterday afternoon the strikers pounced on Holmes, as he was carrying a castpounced on Holmes, as he was carrying a casting across the street at the works. They beat
him severely, cutting his face, head and arms.
He broke from the mob and sought refuge in the
office of the company. The strikers then attacked the office, but the clerks beat them off.
Holmes was unable to go home, and he was
taken to the hospital in the ambulance.
Policemen are now on duty at the works, and
it is expected that a number of other arrests
will fellow. Ross was sent to jail by the Recorder.

SAYS HE'S A RESIDENT OF RHODE ISLAND. WILLIAM R. CASWELL OBJECTS TO PERSONAL

ASSESSMENT IN THIS CITY, AND TEST WILL BE MADE, William R. Caswell, of Caswell, Massey & Co. it was said at the office of the it was said at the office of the Tax Commissioners yesterday, had taken up a residence in Rhode Island. It appears that Mr. Caswell was assessed for \$5,000 personal property, and a collector in for \$3.000 personal property, and a conector in-formed Mr. Caswell that he would better call at the office of the Tax Board and pay up. Mr. Caswell called on Commissioner Strasbourger yesterday and said that he had moved to Rhode Island, and, therefore, was not liable to taxation. Island, and, therefore, was not liable to taxation. Mr. Strasbourger told him that the Tax Department was confident that he owned more than \$5.000 worth of personal property in this city that was subject to personal tax, and it would not allow him to swear off the assessment. Mr. Caswell went away somewhat indignant, saying that he would resist the payment of the tax.

The Tax Commissioners are preparing to bring a test case in order to find out just how far the law will instite a New-York business man or woman in swearing off personal assessments. This action will be begun shortly after April 1.

THE STAR BOARDER. Every one wonders how the "Star Boarder" keeps his pull. Maybe it's because he picks out the bargains among the "Little Ads. of the People" for the Landlady every Sanday.

ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS.

Washington, March &-The following army and navy orders have been issued: ARMY. The following transfers are made upon the mu-

tual application of the officers concerned: Captain WILLIAM D. BEACH, from the 3d Cavalry to

Captain ARTHUR THAYER, from the 9th Cavalry to the 3d Cavalry, Troop M. Captain Thayer will join the troop to which he is transferred.

of Cavary, Troop M. Captain Thayer will join the troop to which he is transferred.

Major CUNLIFFE H. MURRAY, 4th Cavalry, is relieved from headquarters, Department of the Laixes, and will join his squadron at Fort Leavenworth.

A board of officers to consist of Lieutenant Colonel Johns M. K. DAVIS, Artillery Corps, Captain CLEMENT A. F. FLAGLER, Corps of Engineers, and Captain JOSEPH T. CRABES, quartermaster, will meet at San Juan, Porto Rico, on March IT, for the purpose of repurposes at each point selected in the project for the defence of the harbor of San Juan, Porto Rico, as a site for seacoast batteries.

First Lieuterant GRAHAM L. JOHNSON, 11th Infantry, will join his regiment in the Philippines.

The discharge of WILLIAM W. BESSELL as captain.

The discharge of WILLIAM W. BESSELL as captain,
Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry, by
reason of his acceptance of an appointment as second
ileutenant of infantry, is announced.

Captain JOHN F. PRESTON, 28th Infantry, will proceed to Columbus Barracks for duty with recruits that may be sent via San Francisco to the Philippines, where he will join his regiment.

Rear Admiral J. A. HOWELL, detached duty as president Navai Retiring Board, Washington, to home and await retirement. atemant Commander L. YOUNG, detached navy yard, Washington; to duty as assistant to inspector in charge Ninth Lighthouse District, Chicago, and as inspector in charge on detachment of Commander F. M. Syndra

Rear Admiral F. WILDES, relieved Rear Admiral L. Kempff, March 1; the Kentucky, Lieutenant F. M. RUSSELIA to the Kentucky. Lieutenant R. M'LEAN, to the Kentucky.

Ensign G. T. PETTENGILL, continue duty on staff Rear
Admiral Wildes; the Kentucky. Lieutenant Commander W. I. CHAMBERS, the Annapolis, to command the Froile.

Lieutenant Commander F. H. SHERMAN, Cavité station, to the Annapolis. Lieutenant Commander J. M. HELM, command the Prolic, to lighthouse duty.

utenant Commander C. W. BARTLETT, Cavité station. to command the Isla de Cuba. Lieutenant Commander W. F. HALSEY, command the General Alava, to Cavité station. Lieutenant W. H. M'GRANN, the New-York, to the Isla de Luzon.

Lieutenant J. E. WALKER, the Isla de Luzon, to the Lieutenant W. R. GHERARDI, the Villalobos to the New-Naval Cudet S. WOODS, the New-York, to the Don Juan de Austria. Ensign C. E. COURTNEY, the Don Juan de Austria, to the New-York,

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AMMUNITION PLANT ATTACHED.

SAID TO BE ON BEHALF OF NEW-YORK PARTIES

FOR MONEY LOANED.

Derby, Conn., March 8.-The plant of the Driggs. Seabury Gun and Ammunition Company was attached to-day in the sum of \$830,000. Service was made on the deputy sheriff in charge of the property as a result of previous attachments.

The attachment to-day for \$550,000 was made at the instance of J. D. M. Grosvenor, of New-York City, the vice-president and secretary of the Driggs-Seabury company, and the papers say that the proceedings are brought to secure money loaned. No figures are given in the service papers, but it is reported that the amount of the loans is about \$750,000.

The plant of the company is now idle. TWINS DIE THROUGH MISTAKE.

Kansas City, Mo., March 8.-Arthur and Benja-nin Lockridge, twins, five months old, died at their Lieutenant E. A. ANDERSON, the Manila, to Cavité sta-

tion.

Surgeon F. A. HESLER. Guem. to Cavité station.

First Lieutenant W. HOPKINS, Guam. to Cavité station.

Second Lieutenant R. Y. RHEA, Guam, to Cavité station.

C. C. SHAYNE,

Manufacturing Fur Merchant,